Monitoring Climate-Resilient WASH JMP/GLAAS

Wednesday 5 November 09:00-10:00 CET 16:00-17:00 CET

















Housekeeping



Please turn off your microphones (except for the final discussion/Q&A).



In case of **technical problems**, feel free to ask for assistance in the chat.



Please use the chat for questions and comments – which will be address at the end of the webinar, or later by email.



Webinar will be recorded – recording and slides will be shared with attendees.



Please keep your questions relevant to the topic of the webinar.

If you'd like subtitles, go to More (...) \rightarrow Language & speech \rightarrow Turn on live captions, then choose Caption settings → Translate to and select your preferred language.

Introduction to WHO/UNICEF JMP/GLAAS Secretariat



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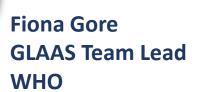
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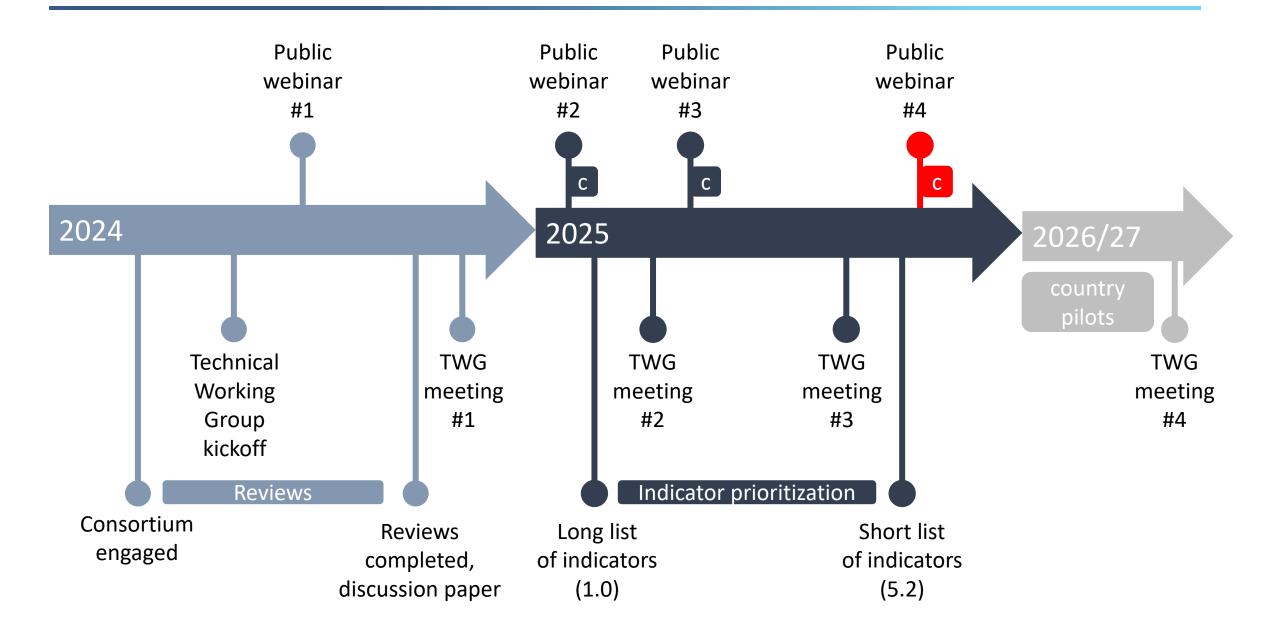


Review process: monitoring climate resilience and WASH

- GLAAS and JMP are conducting a review of monitoring climate resilience and WASH:
 - Identifying frameworks, indicators, data collection opportunities, and data describing links between climate resilience and WASH.
 - A consortium of research partners (Leeds, Bristol, Oxford, UTS) were selected to support the work.
 - A Technical Working Group (TWG) provides inputs and reviews outputs.
 - Outputs will identify areas where GLAAS and JMP could focus future monitoring efforts.
- Engaging with multiple stakeholders
- Feeding into work on Global Goal on Adaptation
 - Identification of indicators for GGA Water target 9a



Timeline and milestones



Reviews and conceptual framework

The academic support team



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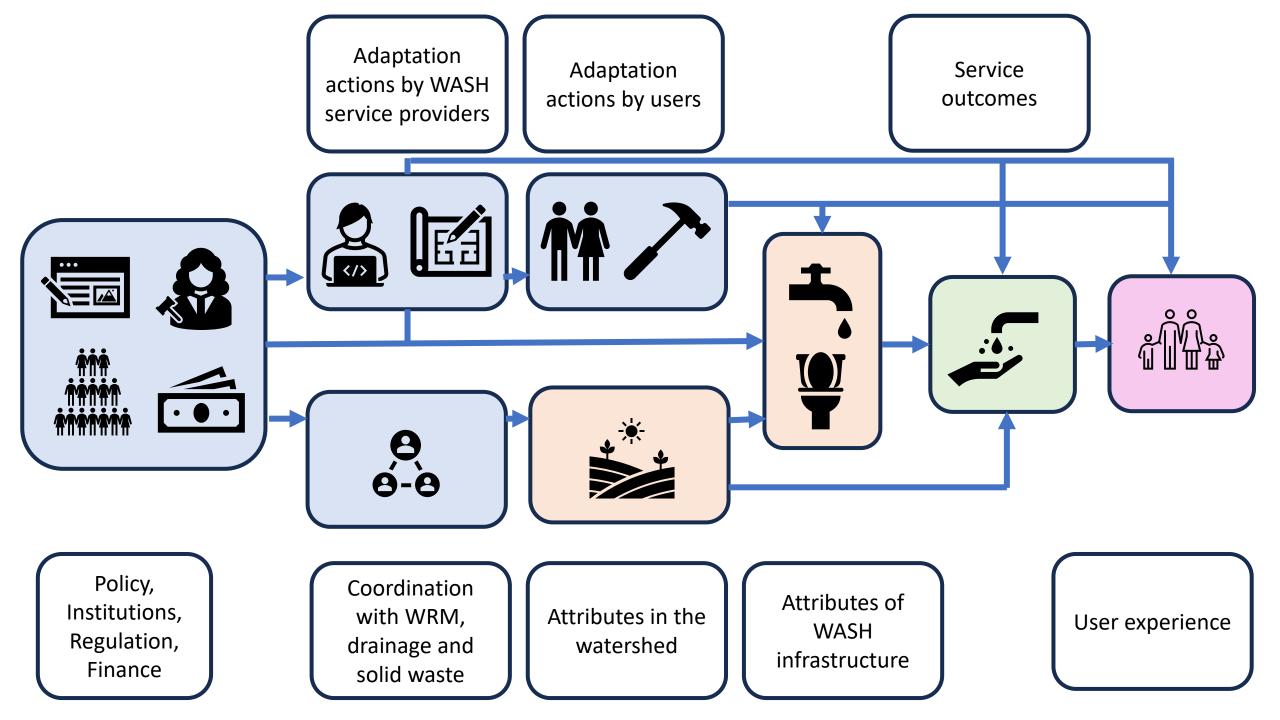
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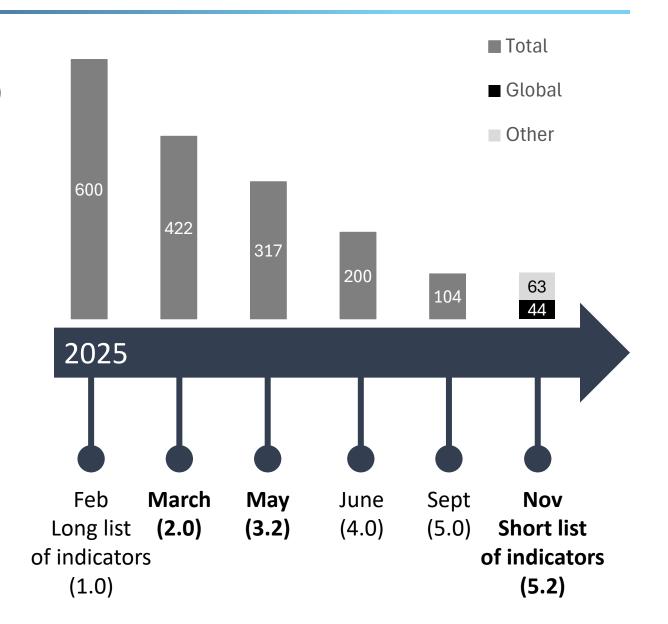


Where did the list of candidate indicators come from?

- Using our framework we carried out 3 systematic reviews looking for adaptation actions or attributes that have been linked to climate-resilient WASH outcomes in the academic literature and in sector documents:
 - Sanitation
 - Hygiene
 - WASH in general
- We carried out 2 further reviews looking for adaptation actions or attributes that have been linked to climate resilience:
 - An umbrella (review of reviews) for water supply
 - A scoping review on how resilience is conceptualised in WASH and adjacent sectors
- We identified key objectives which could be achieved in each component of the framework which are likely to lead to or be an outcome of climate resilient WASH
- We then mapped more than 600 candidate indicators that had been identified from our research to each objective

Towards a short(er) list

- Long list derived from reviews
 - ~600 candidate indicators (February, 1.0)
- Public consultation
 - April (2.0)
- Technical working group meetings
 - March (2.0), September (5.0)
- Combination/synthesis of related proposed indicators
- Mapping to conceptual framework, indicator objectives
- Examining balance
 - Across framework components
 - Rapid and slow onset events
 - Water, sanitation, hygiene



Proposed shortlist of indicators to develop for global monitoring by JMP and GLAAS teams





Objective	All WASH
WASH policy and planning incorporates current and future climate risk	101: WASH sector policy and plans which integrate climate adaptation measures for households and institutions *: (a) are in place; (b) align with national adaptation plans; and (c) are regularly revised using updated climate projections
Management is appropriate to ensure and advance climate resilience	102: WASH Sector policy mandates the use of risk-based management plans that take into account current and future climate

^{*} And which (i) identify current and future climate risks to WASH, (ii) identify at risk populations, (iii) include costed climate adaptation measures and (iv) mandate 'build-back-better' principles for post climate-event recovery





Objective	All WASH
National climate resilience planning	103: National adaptation plans are in place and include:(a) targeted WASH objectives for households and institutions;(b) and a strategy for WASH adaptation for households and institutions;(c) or a costed strategy for WASH adaptation for households and institutions
incorporates climate resilient WASH	106: National mitigation plans are in place and include:(a) a national protocol for measuring and reporting emissions from WASH;(b) and an estimate of the contribution of WASH to NDCs;(c) and a strategy for mitigating emissions from WASH;(d) or a costed strategy for mitigating emissions from WASH





Objective	All WASH
Climate resilient	105: Sector strategies include measures to ensure climate resilient
WASH strategy is	WASH investments are focused on populations vulnerable to and
equitable	disproportionately affected by climate change

Not shortlisted (an example):

Objective	Water supply
Access to a minimum	104: Regulation mandates that sufficient quantities of domestic
service level is	water supply be provided as a priority before allocations to other
maintained	water uses are made





Objective	All WASH
Data are available	201: Climate data and seasonal forecasts for WASH service
for CR WASH	delivery are:
planning	(a) downscaled to a scale relevant for WASH service delivery;
	(b) accessible to WASH sector stakeholders;
	(c) include content directly relevant to the delivery of WASH
	services;
	(d) reviewed and updated regularly; and
	(e) used to inform updates to WASH policies and plans





Objective	All WASH
Early warning	202: Multi-hazard early warning systems are:
systems in place that	(a) accessible to WASH sector stakeholders;
support actions to	(b) and include information directly relevant to the delivery of
reduce impact of	WASH services;
climate events	(c) and are reviewed and updated regularly;
	(d) and are used to inform updates to WASH policies and plans
National WASH	203: WASH monitoring systems collect data on the impact of
monitoring systems	climate on WASH services in households/ schools/ health care
collect information	facilities disaggregated by service levels, geography, and
on impacts of	population subgroups
climate on WASH	
services	

Regulation: (3)



Objective	All WASH
Design and construction standards and guidance exist for CR WASH	301: Standards and regulations that take into account current and future climate are available to support the design and construction of resilient infrastructure
Operation and maintenance standards and guidance exist for	302: Standards and regulations that take into account current and future climate are available to support the operation and maintenance of resilient infrastructure 303: Standards and guidance exist for restoration of services
CR WASH	during and following a climate event





Objective	All WASH
Sufficient budget allocation for WASH climate adaptation	401: Ratio of total annual budget available (all sources) to total annual costs identified for WASH climate adaption
Funds for WASH climate adaptation are utilized	403: Ratio of total annual expenditure (all sources) to total annual costs identified for WASH climate adaption

Adaptation actions by hygiene promoters & supply chain actors (1)



Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Support to households provided to undertake actions for climate resilience/ recovery	-	-	503: Proportion of population covered by well-defined, event-specific preparedness plans which include: (a) education/messaging on
			hygiene behaviour; and (b) stockpiling, storing, and distribution of hygiene products

Adaptation actions by service providers: 1 and 2 (of 4)



Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Management is appropriate to ensure and advance climate resilience	602: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities served by water service providers that implement risk management plans which consider current and future climate (for example climate-resilient water safety plans)	702: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities served by sanitation service providers that implement risk management plans which consider climate variability and climate projections (for example flood and drought preparedness plans)	

Adaptation actions by service providers 3 and 4 (of 4)



Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Operation and maintenance standards for climate resilient WASH are implemented	604: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities served by water supply services that conform to national regulations and standards for operations and maintenance that take into account current and future	703: Proportion of population / schools/ healthcare facilities served by sanitation services that conform to national regulations and standards for operations and maintenance that take into account current	
	climate	and future climate	

Coordination with Water Resources Management (2)



Objective	Water supply and Sanitation	Hygiene
Coherence and cooperation between agencies to deliver climate resilient WASH	1101: Investment and operational plans forWRM are referenced in investment andoperational plans for(a) Water supply(b) Sanitation and wastewater	
	1102: Proportion of population in catchments where water resource management plans address climate risks to (a) Water supply (b) Sanitation and wastewater	

Coordination with Drainage and Solid Waste Management (1)



Objective	Water supply and Sanitation	Hygiene
Coherence and	1202: Investment and operational plans for	-
cooperation	(a) Water supply	
between agencies to	(b) Sanitation and wastewater	
deliver climate	reference drainage investment and operational	
resilient WASH	plans.	

Attributes of water resources for water supply and receiving waters (3)



Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Water quality is maintained	1301: Proportion of raw water intakes/boreholes which meet design quality standards, disaggregated by groundwater/ surface water	1302: Number of incidents of water quality non-compliance downstream of a wastewater treatment plant	_
Water quantity is maintained	1303: Proportion of raw water intakes/boreholes which meet design production rates, disaggregated by groundwater/ surface water		

Attributes of infrastructure: 1 and 2 (of 4)



Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Construction and design standards for climate resilient WASH are implemented	1401: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities served by water supplies that conform to national regulations and standards for design and construction that take into account current and future climate*	1501: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities served by sanitation services that conform to national regulations and standards for design and construction that take into account current and future climate**	See next

^{*} water supply source, water treatment, water storage and distribution

^{**} capture and containment, conveyance, treatment

Attributes of infrastructure: 3 and 4 (of 4)



Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Construction and design standards for climate resilient WASH are implemented (cont.)	See previous	See previous	1601: Proportion of schools where hygiene services conform to national regulations and standards for design and construction that take into account current and future climate*
			1602: Proportion of healthcare facilities where hygiene services conform to national regulations and standards for design and construction that take into account current and future climate*

^{*} Hand hygiene and menstrual hygiene





Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Access to safely managed services is maintained	1704: Proportion of population / schools/ healthcare facilities within nationally determined climate hazard zones using basic/safely managed drinking water services	1805: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities within nationally determined climate hazard zones using basic/safely managed sanitation services	





Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Access to basic hygiene facilities is maintained	-	_	1905: - Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities with access to soap and water at a handwashing facility within nationally determined climate hazard zones





Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Access to a minimum service is maintained	1701: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities whose domestic water supply	1801: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities whose domestic	-
	infrastructure is damaged due to a climate event.	sanitation infrastructure is damaged due to a climate event	

Service functioning: 6, 7 and 8 (of 8)



Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Access to a minimum service is maintained (cont.)	1703: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities reporting at least 1 period of disruption to water supply at home in the last Y due to a climate event	1803: Proportion of population / schools/ healthcare facilities reporting at least 1 period of disruption to sanitation at home in the last Y due to a climate event	1902: Proportion of population/schools/ healthcare facilities reporting at least 1 period of disruption to access to a soap and water for hygiene practices at home in the last Y due to a climate event





Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Access to a minimum service level is maintained	2005: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities who report easy access to alternative water supply facilities that meet minimum national/local standards of service when needed during a period of disruption due to a climate event	2104: Proportion of population/ schools/ healthcare facilities who report easy access to alternative sanitation facilities that meet minimum national/local standards of service when needed during a period of disruption due to a climate event.	





Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Access to hygiene materials is maintained			2203: Proportion of women, girls, and menstruators that report having enough MHM materials to change as often as they wanted before, during, and following climate events 2205: Proportion of population that report having enough soap and water to practice hand hygiene behaviours as often as they wanted before, during, and following climate events





Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
Users are protected	2001: Proportion of	2101: Proportion of	-
from distress related	population reporting	population who felt	
to service	that they worried	safe at the	
disruptions	about not having	sanitation locations	
	enough water for all	they used most	
	household needs due	before, during, and	
	to a climate event	following a climate	
		event in the [last Y]	



User experiences: 7 and 8 (of 8)

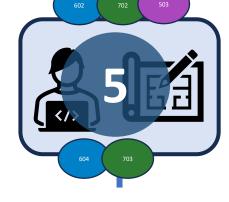
Objective	Water supply	Sanitation	Hygiene
User complaints/	2004: Total complaints per	2103: Total complaints per	-
requests for	1000 customers before,	1000 customers before,	
assistance are	during, and following a	during, and following a	
dealt with in a	climate event	climate event	
timely manner	(a) received by drinking	(a) received by sanitation	
	water service providers or	service providers or	
	regulators	regulators	
	(b) received and analysed	(b) received and analysed by	
	by drinking water service	sanitation service providers	
	providers or regulators	or regulators	
	(c) received, analysed and	(c) received, analysed and	
	acted upon by drinking	acted upon by sanitation	
	water service providers or	service providers or	
	regulators	regulators	

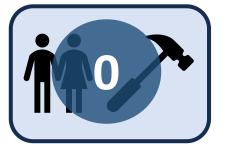
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Adaptation actions by WASH service providers

Adaptation actions by users

Service outcomes

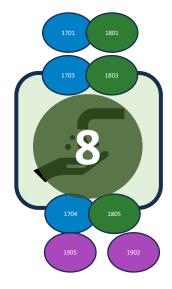














Policy, Institutions, Regulation, Finance

Coordination with WRM, drainage and solid waste

Attributes in the watershed

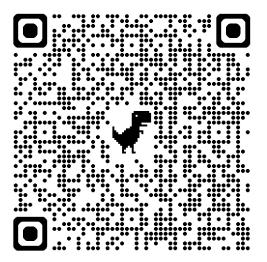
Attributes of WASH infrastructure

User experience

Consultation objectives and timeline

- We are seeing your feedback on the proposed shortlist (44 candidates)
 - Is the proposed shortlist too long? If so, what could be reduced?
 - Is anything critical missing?
 - Is the shortlist well balanced among...
 - Framework components, from policies through to user experiences
 - Water, sanitation and hygiene
 - Rapid onset and slow onset events
 - Anticipate, Respond, Cope, Recover, Adapt, Transform (SWA definition)
 - Any opportunities for piloting?
- Provide feedback by 30 November, 2025
 - Email to <u>washmonitoring@who.int</u>
 - Microsoft Form

Q & A



Project website

UNICEF and WHO gratefully acknowledge the financial support provided by the Directorate-General for International Cooperation (Kingdom of the Netherlands) and the Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office (United Kingdom).



Sign up here to receive updates!

Thank you!

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