HIGHLIGHTS WASH IN SCHOOLS IN 2023 138 countries DRINKING WATER had national estimates Basic 77% of schools Limited No service had a basic drinking water service BASIC SERVICES Secondary 🏫 🏫 🏫 🏫 81% Primary 🏫 🏫 🏫 75% 2x increase acceleration needed for universal access by 2030 by 2030 Coverage of basic services Low income countries High income countries 447 million children lacked a basic drinking water service at their school

153 million

improved source

but no water available

293 million

unimproved or

no water source

Drinking water Sanitation Hygiene Menstrual health Limited service No service 144 countries SANITATION had national estimates Basic 78% of schools Limited No service had a basic sanitation service Secondary **के के के के 83**% 2x increase acceleration needed for universal access Coverage of basic services Low income countries High income countries 427 million children lacked a basic sanitation service at their school

205 million

sanitation facility but not single-sex or not usable

unimproved or no improved facilities,

222 million

HYGIENE 134 countries had national estimates Basic 67% of schools Limited No service had a basic hygiene service Secondary A A A A A 67% Primary **के कि कि कि 65**% 4x increase acceleration needed for universal access by 2030 Coverage of basic services Low income countries 28% High income countries >99% million children lacked a basic hygiene service at their school 406 million 240 million

handwashing

but no soap

facilities with water

no handwashing

facility or

no water

30 countries had national data* **MENSTRUAL HEALTH** Preliminary estimates based on emerging national data** Globally Around 2 out of 5 schools provide menstrual health education Around 1 in 3 schools have bins for menstrual waste in girls' toilets Central and Southern Asia Sub-Saharan Africa **Around Around** 2 out of 5 schools 1 in 8 schools provide menstrual have menstrual education materials available for free 1 in 3 4 in 5 or purchase primary secondary Schools with bins available for menstrual waste in girls' toilets Central and Southern Asia 🏫 🏫 🏫 🏫 35% Sub-Saharan Africa 11% Least Developed Countries 🏫 🏫 🏫 🏫 17% Most commonly available national menstrual health data: **Facilities Materials** (22 of 30 countries) (19 of 30 countries) (15 of 30 countries)

*Nationally representative data for at least one of the internationally recommended Priority List of Indicators for Girl's Menstrual Health and Hygiene (2022)

(https://www.publichealth.columbia.edu/research/programs/gate/monitor-mhh/monitoring-resources)

**Nationally representative data for menstrual health indicators remain limited and indicator definitions vary making cross-country comparison difficult. Preliminary regional and global

aggregates should therefore be treated with caution.